

# Revaluation 2017 Public Buildings Committee

# Practice Note 24 Valuation of Churches and Other Places of Worship

#### 1.0 Introduction

1.1 This Practice Note deals with the valuation of Churches and other places of worship.

#### 2.0 Basis of Valuation

2.1 Subjects covered by this Practice Note are valued on the Contractor's Basis. Where a subject covered by this Practice Note has the characteristics of an office, retail or industrial building and/or is located within an established location for those types of properties, prevailing rental levels for that type of property may provide the best evidence of Net Annual Value.

#### 3.0 Survey and Measurement

- 3.1 Building areas should be calculated on a gross external basis (GEA) for each main floor. Attic accommodation should be calculated on a gross internal basis (GIA) excluding any area under 1.5 metres in height.
- 3.2 Where a subject is of older construction e.g. stone, and has thicker than normal walls, the area should be adjusted on a floor by floor basis in accordance with SAA Public Buildings Committee Practice Note 4 (Valuation of Contractor's Basis Subjects, Areas Adjustment and External Works' Costs) to adjust the floor area to the modern equivalent.
- 3.3 Site area should be calculated together with the areas of any car parks, roadways and other paved or landscaped surfaces. Measurements and details of boundary walls, fences and any other items in the nature of external works, civil works or plant and machinery should also be noted.

#### 4.0 Building and External Works Costs

4.1 The available cost evidence was analysed in terms of SAA Basic Principles Committee Practice Note 2 (Contractor's Basis Valuations). The unit cost rate(s) derived reflect a Scottish Mean location factor, a £3m contract size and a tone date of 1 April 2015.

R 2017 PBC PN 24 Page 1 of 5 Pages

#### 5.0 Valuation

- 5.1 Valuations should be carried out in accordance with SAA Basic Principles Committee Practice Note 2 (Contractor's Basis Valuations).
- 5.2 Recommended unit cost rates excluding professional fees for buildings are noted below.
- 5.3 For external works reference should be made to section 6.4 below.

# 6.0 Estimated Replacement Cost (ERC)

# 6.1 <u>Unit Cost Rate (Buildings)</u>

The following unit cost rates per square metre should be applied to adjusted gross external areas (GEA) in accordance with the different categories described.

Purpose built traditional stone or modern places of worship with special architectural features or finishes.

Unit Cost Rate - £2,100

Purpose built non-traditional place of worship of good quality, generally of brick construction and good internal finish.

Unit Cost Rate - £1,600

- 6.2 For a non-traditional place of worship of lower quality or finish, prefabricated/utilitarian subjects, reference should be made to SAA Public Buildings Practice Note 17 (Valuation of Halls, Art Galleries & Museums etc) for assistance with unit cost rates.
- 6.3 In cases where buildings are of the highest quality such as Cathedrals or Mosques, the rate may be enhanced. If actual costs for such buildings are available, these may provide the best evidence.

#### 6.4 Unit Cost Rates (External Works)

External Works should be valued in accordance with SAA Public Buildings Committee Practice Note 4 (Valuation of Contractor's Basis Subjects, Areas Adjustment and External Works' Costs).

#### 6.5 Adjustments to ERC

Adjustments in respect of contract size and additions for professional fees should be made in accordance with the recommendations contained in SAA Basic Principles Committee Practice Note 2 (Contractor's Basis Valuations).

R 2017 PBC PN 24 Page 2 of 5 Pages

# 7.0 Adjusted Replacement Cost (ARC)

- 7.1 In applying age and obsolescence allowances reference should be made to guidance in SAA Basic Principles Committee Practice Note 2 (Contractor's Basis Valuations). In particular it should be noted that allowances in respect of age in excess of 50% should only be given to buildings and plant in exceptional circumstances.
- 7.2 Further allowances of a functional and technical nature should be considered in accordance with SAA Basic Principles Committee Practice Note 2 (Contractor's Basis Valuations) and SAA Public Buildings Committee Practice Note 4 (Valuation of Contractor's Basis Subjects, Areas Adjustment and External Works' Costs).

# 7.3 Buildings Without Lifts Provision

Buildings or affected parts of buildings without lifts may be granted an allowance as indicated in the table below.

2 Storey	-5%
3 Storey	-10%
4 Storey	-15%
5 Storey and above	-20%

If, in the case of buildings of two storeys or above, a particular floor such as an attic is significantly smaller than the main floors or consists of a basement of poorer quality, then such a floor should be excluded from the determination of an appropriate lift allowance to be applied to the whole building in the table above.

# 7.4 <u>Functional Obsolescence</u>

Disabilities which restrict general use on some subsidiary floors, or parts thereof, may require allowances to be applied to the parts affected, e.g. –

#### Basement/Lower Floors

Poor quality finish/inferior light	-5% to -30%
Poor cellar quality etc	At discretion

#### Attic Floors

Poor quality finish	-5% to -35%
Inferior access	-5% to -10%
Poor access	-10% to -20%

#### Galleries/Balconies

Inferior access and/or sight lines	-10% to -20%
Poor access and/or sight lines	-20% to -35%
Very poor and largely disused	-50%

R 2017 PBC PN 24 Page 3 of 5 Pages

#### 7.5 Other Allowances

Disabilities, which affect the whole property, may require allowances overall.

No toilets	-10%
No heating	-10%
Principal Floor at 1 <sup>st</sup> to 3 <sup>rd</sup> floor	-10% to -30%

7.6 The above allowances should not be aggregated but applied in sequence to provide the Adjusted Replacement Cost of a particular item.

# 8.0 Plant and Machinery

8.1 Buildings' unit cost rates above are inclusive of service plant typically found in subjects covered by this Practice Note. Rateable items of plant and machinery not already reflected in these rates should be dealt with in terms of the Valuation for Rating (Plant & Machinery) (Scotland) Regulations 2000 (as amended) and valued with reference to the Rating Cost Guide.

#### 9.0 **Land**

9.1 Land value should be determined by reference to local evidence and SAA Basic Principles Committee Practice Note 2 (Contractor's Basis Valuations).

#### 10.0 Decapitalisation Rate

10.1 The appropriate statutory decapitalisation rate should be used.

#### 11.0 End Allowance

11.1 Any factors or circumstances which might affect the value of the occupation of the lands and heritages as a whole should be reflected at this stage. An adjustment under this head should not duplicate adjustments made elsewhere.

#### 11.2 Attendance

Prior to applying an allowance for redundancy (if applicable), consideration should be given to the location of the subject with the attendance of all the religious establishments in that locality averaged to determine a notional average attendance for that locality. Once the notional average attendance has been determined the following allowances can be applied. Care should be taken where attendance figures are inflated due to members attending more than one weekly service.

R 2017 PBC PN 24 Page 4 of 5 Pages

Average Attendance	Allowance
Over 60%	None
60% to 40%	-15%
40% to 25%	-30%
Less than 25%	-50%

(Based on recent average attendance figures). Interpolate between points.

### 11.3 Redundancy

If there are sharp contrasts between the capacity of buildings and the membership and/or attendance of the organisation, for example where a place of worship is linked to another and is not in regular (daily or weekly) use, then an allowance of -10% may be added to the other relevant allowances, subject to a maximum resultant allowance of -50%. Such allowances should only be applied where it is deemed suitable in the circumstances. In particular, consideration should be given to other uses of the subject referred to at 13.1 below.

# 12.0 Community Hall/Place of Worship

12.1 If a hall serves as a place of worship or vice versa the whole building should be valued as a Hall (see Public Buildings Committee Practice Note 17 (Valuation of Halls etc.) with adjustments to take account of any special features. However, if the overall appearance, layout and quality is that of a place of worship it should be valued as such.

#### 13.0 Other Facilities

13.1 Where areas have been adapted within places of worship for other uses, such as bookshops, crèches, nurseries, restaurants etc. cognisance should be taken of the extent of the alterations and adaptations together with any relevant letting and valued accordingly.

R 2017 PBC PN 24 Page 5 of 5 Pages