

Revaluation 2023

Commercial Properties Committee

Practice Note 21 Valuation of Guest Houses

1.0 Introduction

1.1 This Practice Note provides guidance for the valuation of guest houses, or parts thereof.

Care should be taken to ensure that subjects being valued, using this Practice Note, are traditional guest houses. Where meals and bar services are provided to non-residents, as well as guests, the subject should be valued using The Commercial Properties Committee Practice Note 20 (Valuation of Hotels and Accommodation Subjects). Consideration of the operation and of its competing market should be fully considered to arrive at the correct valuation approach to ensure that the valuation is not out of line with other, similar lands and heritages.

2.0 Basis of Valuation

2.1 Guest Houses should be valued by application of the comparative principle of valuation. It is recommended that a double bed unit (DBU) rate is applied to the guest accommodation.

The DBU rate should be derived from an analysis of rents of guest houses based on location, quality and facilities of the establishment. Rentals should be analysed in accordance with SAA Basic Principles Practice Note 1 (Adjustment of Rents).

In the absence of local rental evidence a percentage should be applied to the total turnover to arrive at a DBU rate. Based on an analysis of rents and turnovers from properties throughout Scotland it is recommended that 14% be applied.

The turnover adopted should represent the annual amount considered to be the hypothetical achievable turnover (HAT) in the year to 1 April 2022, having regard to the physical nature of the property and its location as at 15 March 2023, on the assumption that the premises will be operated by a competent operator seeking to maximise profits. Turnover for the full financial years 2020 / 2021 and 2021 / 2022 together with a small portion from 20 March 2020 will have been impacted by enforced closure or restricted operating capacity due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Consideration of turnover in these periods should be treated with caution. Furthermore, the adjustment of any part year during that period to arrive at a pro rata HAT is also to be treated with caution as it may not provide a true indication of the HAT at the valuation date.

In circumstances where any available turnover relating to the period leading up to the valuation date is deemed to be insufficient for determination of HAT, consideration may be given to the closest reliable turnover prior to 20 March 2020 as a starting point. Having established the likely pre Covid-19 HAT further adjustments may be necessary to arrive at an appropriate level of turnover on 1 April 2022 taking account of the prevailing circumstances and beneficial use that could have been achieved at the property on that date.

Seasonal guest houses should be compared to other similar guest houses in the locality that are open for the full year, if that is the norm for the location. Turnover may then require adjustment if the actual turnover is below the hypothetical achievable turnover.

Room Reduction Reduction Size Guide Factor Factor (En suite) (without facilities) a) Double or twin $10 - 20m^2$ 1.0 0.75 b) Single 0.70 0.45 Up to $10m^2$ $20 - 30m^2$ c) Family 1.25 1 d) Suite - Standard 2 rooms or over 30m² 1.50 e) Suite - Superior 2.0 2 rooms or over 30m²

3.0 Calculation of Double Bed Units

4.0 The Residential Accommodation

4.1 For the purposes of providing an apportionment in terms of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, the value added to the domestic element for accommodation occupied by family, resident staff and permanently resident guests should reflect the extent, situation and quality of the rooms occupied.

The number of double bed units should be calculated using the table below.

It is recommended, therefore, that a notional number of double bed units for the accommodation occupied by family, resident staff and permanently resident guests be determined based upon the size and occupancy capacity of all the rooms that they occupy (including bedrooms) weighted if necessary to reflect any physical differences in the accommodation.

The residential value will be set at the product of the DBU rate times the number of DBUs determined above.